INTRODUCTION

Data presented in these tables is displayed for statistical comparison purposes only. We do not claim that the data satisfies any specific legal, financial or accounting requirements. Individuals using these tables for comparison purposes may wish to contact local government officials, real estate agencies or other sources to corroborate or obtain additional information.

EXPLANATION OF TABLES

TABLE 1 - OVERLAPPING REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES

There are three worksheets to this workbook. The first worksheet, **Tax Levy Detail**, reflects the overall property taxes collected by each city, town and village in the State. The second worksheet, **County and Statewide Totals**, summarizes the data on the first worksheet by each county area and also provides statewide totals. The last worksheet, **2011 Village Non-Filers**, shows villages that will not be reflected on the previous two worksheets because their information is not available.

The following defines the data headings of the first two worksheets:

COUNTY - The total county tax levy includes both the general county-wide taxes and part-county ad valorem taxes and assessments. Examples of part county taxes and assessments would be for police, sewer, and water districts. Also included are county charge-backs for erroneous assessments, election expense, community college, etc. as well as amounts levied for a county self-insurance plan. In certain counties, where some or all towns or cities elect to use the county sales tax distribution as a credit against the county levy instead of receiving cash, the county levy is net of that credit.

CITY - Reflects the municipal levy of the city. It does not include school district levies, which are included in a separate column.

TOWN – Generally includes the town-wide levies for the general fund and highway funds. For towns with villages, also includes the levies for town outside village purposes for the general fund and highway funds.

VILLAGE – Reflects the municipal levy for villages. Villages are shown in alphabetic order within towns. The one exception to this arrangement pertains to the 76 villages in New York State that are located in more than one town. These villages are included in the town in which the village has the greatest amount of assessed valuation. Refer to Table 4 for a complete list of these villages.

FIRE - This include the levies of all fire districts within the town and also the levies of all fire protection districts in the town.

OTHER TOWN SPECIAL DISTRICTS - This is the aggregate of all other town special district levies not included in **Fire**. Examples of some types of special districts are water, sewer, lighting, refuse and garbage, drainage, and water supply or hydrant districts. Generally, these special districts are governed by the town board.

SCHOOL - This is the aggregate of the tax levies of all school districts within the boundary of the city or town. School district levy data represents the gross levy without any reduction resultant from the State Tax Relief (STAR) program.

TABLE 2 - OVERLAPPING REAL PROPERTY TAX RATES

For each city, town and village area in the State, **TABLE 2** lists the individual and aggregate assessed and full value real property tax rates based on \$1,000 of valuation. Tax rates are presented for each class of government within the locality, including county, municipal (town, city or village), and school district. For cities, towns, and villages that have more than one school district within their boundaries, a separate row is now provided for each school district. Also included for towns is an estimated assessed and full value tax rate for special districts in the town (see definitions below). The applicable State equalization rate used to compute full value tax rates is also listed for each municipality

Table 2 may be sorted by using the four shaded command buttons (the cells labeled Sort School Name by County, Sort by City/Town Within County, Sort by School Name, and Sort by FV Rate) which are located above the headings County Name, Municipal Name, School District Name, and Total – Full Value Tax Rate. **These buttons allow a user to easily sort Table 2 by school district name within a county, by cities and towns within a county, by school district name, or by the total full value tax rate (arrayed high to low).** To use these automatic sorts, place the cursor arrow within the command button and left click to activate the sort.

Please note that school district tax rates do not reflect any reduction resultant from the State Tax Relief (STAR) program. In addition, a computed or average tax rate is used in those instances where localities have established special homestead and non-homestead units for the assessment of real property for municipal and/or school district purposes. Computed or average tax rates are also reflected for New York City and localities within Nassau County, since they actually impose tax rates for different classes of property. Please refer to Appendix A for additional information on localities that impose homestead and non-homestead rates or rates by class of property.

The following provides a brief description of column headings in Table 2:

County Name – Describes the county location of the municipality.

Municipal Name – Provides the name of the municipality.

Class - Describes the type of municipality (city, town, or village)

Town in Which Village is Located – Applies only to villages; provides the name of the town(s) the village is located in. Please note that there are 76 villages in two or more towns (see Table 4 below).

School District Name – Provides the name(s) of the school district within the city or town.

Percent of School in City/Town – Provides the percentage of the school district full valuation that is in the city or town.

Percent of City/Town in School – Provides the percentage of the city or town full valuation that is in the school district.

Assessed Value Tax Rates – As applicable, provides the assessed value tax rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation.

- **County** Provides the county tax rate of the municipality that reflects **countywide** taxes and also may include charge-backs. This does not include part county tax rates on special districts or for any area of the county not considered countywide. Please note that the levy data listed in Table 1 **does include** these part county taxes.
- **Town** Generally includes the town-wide tax rates of the general fund and highway funds. For towns with villages, also includes the tax rates of the town outside village general fund and highway funds.
- City/Village Includes the municipal tax rate for the city or village. Villages that reflect a zero tax rate typically are villages that did not file required information. Please see the "2011 Village Non-Filers" worksheet attached to Table 2.
- School Includes the school district tax rate(s) for each school district in the city or town.

• Town Special District (computed) – This is a computed hypothetical tax rate to provide some measure of tax burden resultant from all special district and fire district levies within towns (See Table 1- the sum of the levies in the "Fire" and "Other Special Districts" columns). In towns without a village, it is this total levy amount divided by the total assessed valuation of the town. In towns with villages, this total special district and fire district levy amount is divided by the town outside village assessed valuation, as most special districts function in the town outside village area. Please note that individuals within a town may actually be subject to a variety of special district tax rates depending where they live; the rate listed is only a computed statistical measure.

Equalization Rates – This is a ratio computed by the New York State Office of Real Property Tax Services. At its simplest, an equalization rate is the state's measure of a municipality's level of assessment. This ratio is the total assessed value of the municipality divided by the total market value.

- City/Town/Village The city, town, or village equalization rate.
- Town applied to Village's County and Town AV rate This is the town equalization rate that is applied to the village's county and town assessed value tax rates to get the full value county and town tax rates for the village.
- **City/Town applied to School** This is the city/town equalization rate applied to the school assessed value tax rate to get the school full value rate.

Full Value Tax Rates – As applicable, provides the full value tax rate per \$1,000 full valuation.

- **County** For all localities except the cities of Glen Cove and Long Beach, the full value rate reflects the county assessed value tax rate times the city or town equalization rate. A special county equalization rate, **that is not reflected on this table**, is used for the cities of Glen Cove and Long Beach.
- **Town** The town full value rate is the town assessed value rate times the town equalization rate.
- **City/Village** For cities, the city full value rate is the city assessed value rate times the city equalization rate. For villages, the village full value rate is the village assessed value rate times the village equalization rate. **Villages that reflect a zero tax rate are typically villages that did not file required information.** Please see the "2011 Village Non-Filers" worksheet attached to Table 2.
- **School** The school full value rate is the school assessed value rate times the "City/Town applied to School" equalization rate.
- **Sub-Total** The sum of the county, town, city/village and school full value rates.
- **Special District** This is the computed hypothetical town special district assessed value tax rate times the town equalization rate.
- Total The sum of the county, town, city/village, school, and town special district full value rates.

TABLE 3 - SCHOOL DISTRICT REAL PROPERTY TAX RATES

In New York State, it is fairly common for a school district to be in more than one town or city, or for a town to have more than one school district serving the area of the town. This table has been expanded to provide the tax levy, assessed and full value tax rates based on \$1,000 valuation, taxable assessed and full valuation, and applicable equalization rate for each city or town component of a school district. Also shown is the percent of the school district full valuation within each city or town and the percent of the city or town full valuation within the school district. The primary county of each school district is also provided. This is the county in which the school district's main building is located and generally contains the majority of the school district's full valuation.

Table 3 may be sorted by using the five shaded command buttons (the cells labeled Sort by School, Sort by County of School, Sort by City Town, Sort by Class within County and Sort by Full Value Rate) which are located above the headings School District Name, Primary County of School, City or Town Name, County of City/Town and FV Tax Rate per (\$000 FV). These buttons allow a user to easily sort Table 3 by school

district name, by school name within a county, by cities and towns, by cities and towns within a county, or by the school district component full value tax rate (arrayed high to low). To use these automatic sorts, place the cursor arrow within the command button and left-click to activate the sort.

Please note that school district tax rates and levies do not reflect any reduction resultant from the State Tax Relief (STAR) program. A computed or average tax rate is used in those instances in which the school district imposes separate homestead and non-homestead tax rates or different rates for separate classes of taxable real property. Please refer to Appendix A for additional information on school districts that impose homestead and non-homestead rates or rates by class of property.

TABLE 4 - VILLAGES LOCATED IN MORE THAN ONE TOWN

<u>TABLE 4</u> lists the 76 villages in this category, together with the towns and counties in which they are located. For purposes of this table the primary towns are always shown first.

VILLAGE	COUNTY OR COUNTIES	TOWNS
Albion	Orleans	Albion, Gaines
Almond	Allegany, Steuben	Almond, Hornellsville
Attica	Wyoming, Genesee	Attica, Alexander
Baldwinsville	Onondaga	Lysander, Van Buren
Ballston Spa	Saratoga	Milton, Ballston
Black River	Jefferson	Rutland, Le Ray
Briarcliff Manor	Westchester	Ossining, Mt. Pleasant
Broadalbin	Fulton	Broadalbin, Mayfield
Brockport	Monroe	Sweden, Clarkson
Cambridge	Washington	White Creek, Cambridge
Cato	Cayuga	Ira, Cato
Chatham	Columbia	Ghent, Chatham
Chester	Orange	Chester, Goshen
Clifton Springs	Ontario	Manchester, Phelps
Cooperstown	Otsego	Otsego, Middlefield
Corfu	Genesee	Pembroke, Darien
Croghan	Lewis	Croghan, New Bremen
Dannemora	Clinton	Dannemora, Saranac
Depew	Erie	Cheektowaga, Lancaster
Deposit	Broome, Delaware	Sanford, Deposit
Dolgeville	Herkimer, Fulton	Manheim, Oppenheim
Earlville	Chenango, Madison	Sherburne, Hamilton
East Hills	Nassau	North Hempstead, Oyster Bay
East Randolph	Cattaraugus	Randolph, Conewango
Elmira Heights	Chemung	Horseheads, Elmira
Floral Park	Nassau	Hempstead, North Hempstead
Florida	Orange	Warwick, Goshen
Fort Plain	Montgomery	Minden, Canajoharie, Palatine
Garden City	Nassau	Hempstead, North Hempstead
Glen Park	Jefferson	Brownville, Pamelia

Gowanda	Cattaraugus, Erie	Persia, Collins
Greenwich	Washington	Greenwich, Easton
Hamilton	Madison	Hamilton, Eaton, Madison
Harriman	Orange	Woodbury, Monroe
Homer	Cortland	Homer, Cortlandville
Ilion	Herkimer	German Flatts, Frankfort
Keeseville	Clinton, Essex	Ausable, Chesterfield
Lyons Falls	Lewis	West Turin, Lyonsdale
Mamaroneck	Westchester	Mamaroneck, Rye
Massena	St. Lawrence	Massena, Louisville, Norfolk
Maybrook	Orange	Montgomery, Hamptonburg
Medina	Orleans	Ridgeway, Shelby
Middleport	Niagara	Royalton, Hartland
Middleville	Herkimer	Fairfield, Newport
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Mineola Montour Falls	Nassau Schuyler	North Hempstead, Hempstead
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Montour, Dix
Nassau Nass Huda Dark	Rensselaer	Nassau, Schodack
New Hyde Park	Nassau	North Hempstead, Hempstead
New York Mills	Oneida	Whitestown, New Hartford
North Syracuse	Onondaga	Clay, Cicero
Norwood	St. Lawrence	Potsdam, Norfolk
Nyack	Rockland	Orangetown, Clarkstown
Odessa	Schuyler	Catharine, Montour
Old Westbury	Nassau	North Hempstead, Oyster Bay
Ovid	Seneca	Ovid, Romulus
Penn Yan	Yates	Milo, Benton, Jerusalem
Perry	Wyoming	Perry, Castile
Poland	Herkimer	Russia, Newport
Pomona	Rockland	Ramapo, Haverstraw
Port Leyden	Lewis	Leyden, Lyonsdale
Remsen	Oneida	Remsen, Trenton
Richburg	Allegany	Bolivar, Wirt
Roslyn Harbor	Nassau	North Hempstead, Oyster Bay
Rushville	Ontario, Yates	Gorham, Potter
Sag Harbor	Suffolk	Southampton, East Hampton
~		Harrietstown, North Elba, St.
Saranac Lake	Franklin, Essex	Armand
Sinclairville	Chautauqua	Charlotte, Gerry
Spring Valley	Rockland	Ramapo, Clarkstown
Spring valley Stamford	Delaware	Stamford, Harpersfield
Stamford Valley Falls		
e	Rensselaer Dutchess	Pittstown, Schaghticoke
Wappingers Falls Waterloo		Wappinger, Poughkeepsie Watarlag, Fayatta, Sanaga Falla
	Seneca	Waterloo, Fayette, Seneca Falls
Waterville	Oneida	Sangerfield, Marshall
Watkins Glen	Schuyler	Dix, Reading
Williamsville	Erie	Amherst, Cheektowaga,
Wolcott	Wayne	Wolcott, Butler

APPENDIX A

LISTING OF LOCALITIES THAT IMPOSE HOMESTEAD AND NON-HOMESTEAD RATES OR TAX RATES BY CLASS OF PROPERTY FOR 2011

Whereas most localities in New York State impose a tax rate that is uniformly applied to the various types of property in their tax base, exceptions do occur. In accordance with Articles 18 and 19 of the New York State Real Property Tax Law, certain localities impose separate tax rates based on different classifications of property. One type of classification used is homestead and non-homestead property, while other localities classify property according to various classes (typically up to four classes).

The following lists these exception localities:

LOCALITIES THAT IMPOSE HOMESTEAD AND NON-HOMESTEAD RATES

Localities are listed by county. School districts (S.D.) may impose homestead/non-homestead rates in all or some of the towns and/or cities in which the district is located.

Albany County Monroe County **Albany City Rochester City** Albany S.D. **Rochester City S.D.** Niskayuna S.D. Nassau County **Glen Cove City Broome County Binghamton City** Glen Cove City S. D. **Binghamton City S.D.** Long Beach City **Farmingdale Village** Lake Success Village **Dutchess County Beacon Citv** Mineola Village **Russell Gardens Village Poughkeepsie City** Fishkill Town Sea Cliff Village **Fishkill Village** Westbury Village **Poughkeepsie Town** Wappinger Town Niagara County Wappingers Falls Village **Niagara Falls City** Arlington Central S.D. Niagara Town Beacon City S.D. Niagara-Wheatfield Central S.D. Poughkeepsie City S.D. Spackenkill Union Free S.D. **Orange County** Wappingers Central S.D. **Newburgh City Port Jervis City** Erie County **Buffalo Citv Putnam County** Lackawanna Citv Southeast Town **Tonawanda Town Brewster S.D.** Kenmore Village **Buffalo City S.D. Rensselaer County** Lackawanna City S.D. **East Greenbush Town** Sweet Home Central S.D. East Greenbush Central S.D. Essex County **Rockland County** Newcomb Town **Clarkstown Town** Newcomb Central S.D. Haverstraw Town

Rockland County (continued) Suffolk County (continued) **Orangetown Town** Hauppauge Union Free S.D. **Stony Point Town** Islip Union Free S.D. West Haverstraw Village Savville Union Free S.D. **Piermont Village** West Islip Union Free S.D. **Clarkstown Central S.D.** Haverstraw-Stony Point Central S.D. **Ulster County Kingston City** Nanuet Union Free S.D. Kingston City S.D. Nyack Union Free S.D. **Pearl River Union Free S.D.** Westchester County South Orangetown Central S.D. **Pelham Town Pelham Village Schenectady County Pelham Manor Village** Niskavuna Town **Sleepy Hollow Village Rotterdam Town Rve Town** Niskayuna Central S.D. **Port Chester Village** Schalmont Central S.D. **Rye Brook Village** Pelham S.D. Suffolk County **Islip Town Rve Neck S.D.** Port Chester-Rye S.D. **Bay Shore Union Free S.D. Bayport-BluePoint U.F.S.D.** Blind Brook-Rye S.D. **Brentwood Union Free S.D.** Hawthorne Cedar Knolls Union Free S.D. Central Islip Union Free S.D. Mount Pleasant Cottage Union Free S.D. East Islip Union Free S.D. Mount Pleasant-Blythedale Union Free S.D.

NEW YORK CITY - RATES BY CLASS OF PROPERTY FOR THE 2011 FISCAL YEAR

As fixed by resolution of the city council and then amended on November 17, 2010, actual tax rates per \$1,000 assessed valuation by class of property for all purposes in New York City are as follows in 2011: all one, two and three family residential property - \$173.64; other residential property - \$133.53; utility real property - \$126.31; all other real property - \$103.12.

Also fixed by resolution, actual tax rates per \$1,000 assessed valuation on veteran's property exempted under State Law from tax on general purposes but subject to tax for school purposes are as follows by class of property in 2011: all one, two and three family residential property - \$102.06; other residential property - \$78.77; utility real property - \$0.00; all other real property - \$60.90.

LOCALITIES IN NASSAU COUNTY - RATES BY CLASS OF PROPERTY

In Nassau County, county tax rates imposed for the Cities of Glen Cove and Long Beach as well as the Towns of Hempstead, North Hempstead and Oyster Bay are computed for four different classes of property. Tax rates for town purposes, as well as for school districts within these jurisdictions are usually computed for four different classes as well. The Villages of Manor Haven, Munsey Park, Plandome Heights, and Plandome Manor may also impose rates by class. The different classes of property are generally as follows: Class one - all one, two and three family residential property; Class two - other residential property; Class three - utility real property; Class four - all other real property.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information on homestead and non-homestead rates and tax rates by class for local governments may be obtained by contacting the individual localities, the State Comptroller's Office, or the State Office of Real Property Tax Services.